

higher education & training

Department:
Higher Education and Training
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

MARKING GUIDELINE

NATIONAL CERTIFICATE

APRIL EXAMINATION

POWER MACHINES N5

27 MARCH 2013

This marking guideline consists of 10 pages.

QUESTION 1

- 1.1 1.1.1 Economiser: To preheat the feed water which enters the evaporator. ✓ (2)
- 1.1.2 Evaporator / Boiler: To convert the feed water into steam. ✓ (2)
- 1.1.3 Superheater: To convert the steam into superheated steam. ✓ (2)
- 1.1.4 Air Preheater: To preheat the air supply for increased efficiency in combustion. ✓ (Any THREE) (2)
- 1.2 1.2.1 Hand stoking is an uneven process. ✓ (1)
- 1.2.2 There is a sudden evaporation of great amounts of hydrocarbons with each delivery. ✓ (1)
- 1.2.3 There is an uncontrolled amount of air flow every time the doors are opened. ✓ (1)
- 1.2.4 Unnecessary cooling of the boiler takes place when the doors are opened. ✓ (1)
- [10]**

QUESTION 2

Given:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 M = 3,145 \text{ kg} & P_1 = 103,9 \text{ kPa} \\
 R = 0,288 \text{ kJ/kg.K} & P_2 = 3117 \text{ kPa} \\
 C_v = 0,67 \text{ kJ/kg.K} & V_1 = 2,006 \text{ m}^3 \\
 & V_2 = 0,118 \text{ m}^3
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 2.1 & P_1 V_1^n = P_2 V_2^n \quad \checkmark \\
 & \left(\frac{V_1}{V_2} \right)^n = \frac{P_2}{P_1} \\
 & \left(\frac{2,006}{0,118} \right)^n = \frac{3117}{103,9} \quad \checkmark \\
 & 17^n = 30 \\
 & n \ln 17 = \ln 30 \\
 & \therefore n = \frac{\ln 30}{\ln 17} \\
 & = \underline{1.2} \rightarrow \quad \checkmark \quad (3)
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.2 \quad P_1 V_1 &= MRT_1 \quad \checkmark \\
 T_1 &= \frac{P_1 V_1}{MR} \\
 &= \frac{103,9 \times 2,006}{3,145 \times 0,288} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \underline{\underline{230,11 K}} \quad \checkmark \quad (3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.3 \quad \frac{P_1 V_1}{T_1} &= \frac{P_2 V_2}{T_2} \quad \checkmark \quad \text{or} \quad P_2 V_2 = MRT_2 \quad \checkmark \\
 T_2 &= \frac{P_2 V_2 T_1}{P_1 V_1} \quad \checkmark \quad T_2 = \frac{P_2 V_2}{MR} \\
 &= \frac{3117 \times 0,118 \times 230,11}{103,9 \times 2,006} \quad \checkmark \quad = \frac{3117 \times 0,118}{3,145 \times 0,288} \\
 &= \underline{\underline{406,076 K}} \quad \checkmark \quad = \underline{\underline{406,074 K}} \quad \checkmark \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.4 \quad WD &= \frac{P_1 V_1 - P_2 V_2}{n-1} \quad \checkmark \quad \text{or} \quad WD = \frac{MR(T_1 - T_2)}{n-1} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{(103,9 \times 2,006) - (3117 \times 0,118)}{1,2-1} \quad \checkmark \quad = \frac{3,145 \times 0,288(230 - 406)}{1,2-1} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \underline{\underline{-797 kJ}} \quad \checkmark \quad = \underline{\underline{-797 kJ}} \quad \checkmark \quad (3)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.5 \quad \Delta U &= M \times C_v \times (T_2 - T_1) \quad \checkmark \\
 &= 3,145 \times 0,67(406 - 230) \\
 &= \underline{\underline{370,858 kJ}} \quad \checkmark \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2.6 \quad Q &= W + \Delta U \quad \checkmark \\
 &= -797 + 370,858 \\
 &= \underline{\underline{-426,142 kJ (Rejected)}} \quad \checkmark \quad (2)
 \end{aligned}$$

[15]

QUESTION 3

Given:

$$P_s = 600 \text{ kPa}$$

$$M_w = 0,18 \text{ kg}$$

$$P_{throttle} = 95 \text{ kPa}$$

$$M_s = 9 \text{ kg}$$

$$C_p = 2 \text{ kJ/kg.K}$$

$$t_{throttle} = 115 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

3.1

$$x_1 = \frac{M_s}{M_s + M_w} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{9}{9 + 0,18} \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \underline{0,98} \quad \checkmark \quad (3)$$

3.2

<p><i>Enthalpy before throttling @ 600 kPa =</i></p> $hf + x_2 hfg \quad \checkmark$ $670 + x_2(2085) \quad \checkmark$ $670 + 2085x_2$ x_2	=	<p><i>Enthalpy after throttling @ 95 kPa</i></p> $hg + c_p(t_{su} - t_s) \quad \checkmark$ $2674 + 2(115 - 98,2) \quad \checkmark$ $2707,6$ $\underline{0,977} \quad \checkmark$
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(8)

3.3

$$x = x_1 \quad \checkmark \quad x_2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$= 0,98 \quad \times \quad 0,977 \quad \checkmark$$

$$= \underline{0,957} \quad \checkmark \quad (4)$$

[15]

QUESTION 4

Given:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 x & = & 0,86 & & M_s & = & 5940 \text{ kg/hour} \\
 M_m & = & 670 \text{ mm Hg} & & B_m & = & 760 \text{ mm Hg} \\
 \text{Air Leakage} & = & 0,85 \text{ kg/950 kg of steam} & & & & \\
 t_c & = & 44,3^\circ\text{C} & & t_{wi} & = & 24^\circ\text{C} \\
 t_{wo} & = & 41^\circ\text{C} & & shc_w & = & 4,2 \text{ kg/kg.K} \\
 R & = & 0,287 \text{ kJ/kg.K} & & & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 4.1 \quad P & = (B_m - M_m) \times \frac{101,325}{760} \quad \checkmark \\
 & = (760 - 670) \times \frac{101,325}{760} \\
 & = 12 \text{ kPa} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

Interpolation

$$hf = 183 \text{ kJ @ } 43,8^\circ\text{C} \quad \checkmark$$

$$hf = 188 \text{ kJ @ } 44,8^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore hf @ 44,3^\circ\text{C} & = 183 \left\{ \frac{\left(\frac{188 - 183}{44,8 - 43,8} \right)}{2} \right\} \checkmark \\
 & = 185,5 \text{ kJ} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

For mass of cooling water required :

$$\begin{aligned}
 hf + xhfg - hc & = M_w \times shc_w \times \Delta t_w \quad \checkmark \\
 207 + (0,86 \times 2384) - 185,5 & = M_w \times 4,2 \times (41 - 24) \quad \checkmark \\
 2071,74 & = 71,4 M_w \\
 M_w & = 29 \text{ kg/kg steam} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \therefore \text{Mass of cooling water required every minute} & = 29 \times \frac{5940}{60} \quad \checkmark \\
 & = \underline{2871 \text{ kg}} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

(10)

4.2 For air pump capacity:

$$P_s @ 44,3^\circ\text{C} = 9 + \left\{ \frac{\left(\frac{9,5 - 9}{44,8 - 43,8} \right)}{2} \right\} \checkmark$$

$$= 9 + 0,25$$

$$= 9,25 \text{ kPa} \checkmark$$

$$\therefore P_a = P - P_s$$

$$= 12 - 9,25$$

$$= 2,75 \text{ kPa} \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \text{Capacity of air pump (Va)} = \frac{Ma \times R \times Ta}{P_a} \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{\frac{0,8}{950} \times \frac{5940}{60} \times 0,287 \times (44,3 + 273)}{2,75}$$

$$= \underline{2,76 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}} \checkmark$$

(5)
[15]**QUESTION 5**

5.1 Given:

H_2	=	6,5%	HVs	=	9 MJ/kg
O_2	=	2,8%	HVc	=	34 MJ/kg
S	=	7,3%	HV_{H_2}	=	142 MJ/kg
C	=	83,4%			

5.1.1

H_2	=	0,065 kg	\checkmark
O_2	=	0,028 kg	\checkmark
S	=	0,073 kg	\checkmark
C	=	0,834 kg	\checkmark

$$\text{Theoretical air required} = \frac{100}{23} \left[\frac{8}{3} C + 8H + S - O_2 \right] \checkmark$$

$$= \frac{100}{23} \left[\left(\frac{8}{3} \times 0,834 \right) + (8 \times 0,065) + 0,073 - 0,028 \right] \checkmark$$

$$= 12,23 \text{ kg/kg fuel} \checkmark$$

$$\therefore \text{Actual Air Required} = 12,23 \times 1,28 \checkmark$$

$$= \underline{15,65 \text{ kg/kg fuel}} \checkmark$$

(7)

5.1.2

$$\begin{aligned}
 C_v \text{ of Coal} &= (HV_c \times C) + (HV_s \times S) + \left\{ HV_{H_2} \left(H_2 - \frac{O_2}{8} \right) \right\} \checkmark \\
 &= (34 \times 0,834) + (9 \times 0,073) + \left\{ 9 \left(0,065 - \frac{0,028}{8} \right) \right\} \\
 &= 63,19 + 0,657 + 0,5535 \\
 &= \underline{64,40 \text{ MJ/kg}} \checkmark
 \end{aligned}
 \tag{4}$$

5.2

Given:

$$M_f = 0,497 \text{ g} = 0,497 \times 10^{-3} \text{ kg}$$

$$M_w = 2,4 \text{ kg}$$

$$W_e = 1 \text{ kg}$$

$$\Delta t = 1,082 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$$

$$C_w = 4,187 \text{ kJ/kg}\cdot^\circ\text{C}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 H_v &= \frac{(M_w + W_e) \times C_w \times \Delta t}{M_f} \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{(2,4 + 1) \times 4,187 \times 1,082}{0,497 \times 10^{-3}} \checkmark \\
 &= 30992 \text{ kJ/kg} \\
 &= \underline{30,992 \text{ MJ/kg}} \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

(4)
[15]

QUESTION 6

Given:

Double-Acting

$$P_2(P_3) = 755 \text{ kPa}$$

$$N = 325 \text{ r/min}$$

$$T_1 = 291 \text{ K}$$

$$V_1 = 13,8 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$

$$V_c(V_3) = 0,045 V_s$$

$$P_1(P_4) = 105 \text{ kPa}$$

$$n = 1,3$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 6.1 \quad V_s &= V_1 - V_3 \quad \checkmark \\
 V_1 - 0,045 V_s &= V_s \quad \checkmark \\
 V_1 &= V_s + 0,045 V_s \\
 &= 1,045 V_s \quad \text{-----1} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P_3 V_3^n &= P_4 V_4^n \\
 V_4 &= V_3 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_4} \right)^{1/n} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= 0,045 V_s \left(\frac{755}{105} \right)^{1/3} \\
 &= 0,20523 V_s \quad \text{-----2} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_1 - V_4 &= \frac{V_1}{N \times 2} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{13,8}{325 \times 2} \\
 &= 0,02123 \text{ m}^3/\text{min} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

Sub:1 into 2

$$\begin{aligned}
 1,045 V_s - 0,20523 V_s &= 0,02123 \quad \checkmark \\
 0,83977 V_s &= 0,02123 \quad \checkmark \\
 \therefore V_s &= \underline{0,02528 \text{ m}^3} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

(9)

$$\begin{aligned}
 6.2 \quad P &= P_1 V_c \left(\frac{n}{n-1} \right) \left[\left(\frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{n-1/n} - 1 \right] \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{110 \times 0,02123 \times 325 \times 2}{60} \times \left(\frac{1,3}{1,3-1} \right) \left[\left(\frac{755}{105} \right)^{1,3-1/1,3} - 1 \right] \quad \checkmark \\
 &= 63,21 \text{ kW} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

(3)

$$\begin{aligned}
 6.3 \quad \frac{T_2}{T_1} &= \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{n-1/n} \\
 T_2 &= T_1 \left(\frac{P_2}{P_1} \right)^{n-1/n} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= 291 \left(\frac{755}{105} \right)^{1,3-1/1,3} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \underline{458,782 \text{ K}} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

(3)
[15]

QUESTION 7

$$\begin{aligned}
 7.1 \quad U &= \frac{\Pi DN}{60} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{\Pi \times 0,474 \times 9872}{60} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \underline{245 \text{ m/s}} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

(3)

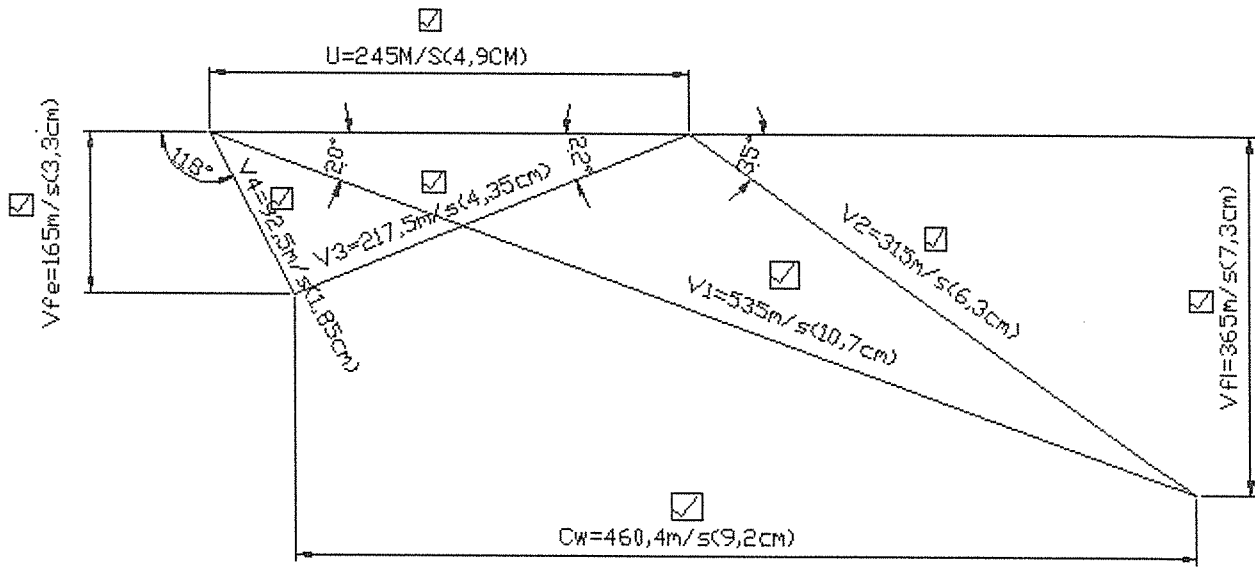
$$\begin{aligned}
 7.2 \quad P &= MUC_w \\
 C_w &= \frac{P}{MU} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \frac{84,6 \times 10^3 \times 60}{45 \times 245} \quad \checkmark \\
 &= \underline{460,4 \text{ m/s}} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

(3)

7.3 See the last page for the velocity diagram. (8)

$$\begin{aligned}
 7.4 \quad K &= \frac{V_2}{V_3} \\
 &= - \\
 &= \underline{0,} \quad \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

(1)
[15]



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Q. 7.3